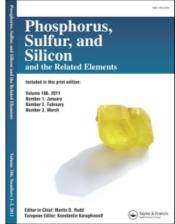
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Tbiophosphoryl-3(5)-Amino-4-Cyano(Ethoxycarbon Yl)Pyrazoles: Synthesis, Structure and Phosphorotropic Equilibrium

L. V. Razvodovskaya^a; E. B. Putsykina^a; M. V. Erikova^a; N. A. Ki-seleva^a; A. F. Vasilyev^a; A. F. Grapov^a; N. N. Melnikov^a

^a All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Plant Protecting Chemicals, Moscow, USSR

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THIOPHOSPHORYL-3(5)-AMINO-4-CYANO(ETHOXYCARBONYL)PYR-AZOLES: SYNTHESIS, STRUCTURE AND PHOSPHOROTROPIC EQUILIBRIUM

L.V.RAZVODOVSKAYA, E.B.PUTSYKINA, M.V.ERIKOVA, N.A.KI-SELEVA, A.F.VASILYEV, A.F.GRAPOV, and N.N.MELNIKOV All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Plant Protecting Chemicals, Ugreshskaya 31, Moscow 109088, USSR

Methods of the synthesis of thiophosphorylated 3(5)-amino-4-cyano(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrazoles have been developed as a continuation of the work on phosphorylated aminoheterocycles. Two substitution products at the intracyclic N atom of the heterocycles, 3-amino-1-thiophosphorylpyrazoles (I) and 5-amino-1-thiophosphorylpyrazoles (II), are formed in the interaction of phosphoro- or phosphonothiochloridates with heterocycles; the yields of the products II are insignificant.

The compounds II are obtained in high yields by intramolecular cyclization of β -(2,2-dicyanovinyl)- and β -(2-cyano-2-ethoxycarbonyl) hydrazidophosphorothioates and -phosphonothioates. The effect of structural factors on the cyclization process has been studied. The compounds II are also formed by direct condensation of the hydrazides of thiophosphorus acids with ethoxymethylenmalononitrile or with ethoxymethylenecyanoacetic ester.

The presence of 1,2-phosphorotropic tautomerism I == II, catalyzed by thiophosphorylpyrazolium salts in the series of 3(5)-amino-1-thiophosphoryl-4-cyano(ethoxycarbonyl)-pyrazoles, was established by IR spectroscopy.